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Math260S21 - Test 3 (Exam)

INSTRUCTOR

Tariq Qazi

Virginia State University

Current Score	Due Date
<p>QUESTION</p> <div style="display: flex; gap: 5px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;">3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;">4</div> </div>	<p style="text-align: center;">FRI, APR 30, 2021 3:54 AM GMT+5:30</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid #0070c0; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> Request Extension </div> </div>
<p> Instructions ^</p>	<p>Assignment Submission & Scoring</p> <p>Assignment Submission</p> <p>For this assignment, you submit answers by question parts. The number of submissions remaining for each question part only changes if you submit or change the answer.</p> <p>Assignment Scoring</p> <p>Your last submission is used for your score.</p>
<p>Please do the exercises on paper, then upload pictures of the work (please only PDF, PNG, JPG/JPEG or DOC/DOCX files)</p>	
<p> Description v</p>	

(a) [4 Points] Find the interval on which f is increasing. (Enter your answer using interval notation.)

	$(-\infty, -1), (9, \infty)$

Find the interval on which f is decreasing. (Enter your answer using interval notation.)

	$(-1, 9)$

(b) [6 Points] Find the local minimum and maximum values of f .

local minimum value		9
local maximum value		-1

(c) [6 Points] Find the inflection point.


$(x, y) = ($

	$4, -233$

$)$

Find the interval on which f is concave up. (Enter your answer using interval notation.)

	$(4, \infty)$
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Show My Work (Required) 

What steps or reasoning did you use? Your work counts towards your score.

$$f(x)=x^3-12x^2-27x+3$$

$$f'(x)=3x^2-24x-27$$

$$3x^2-24x-27=0$$

critical points are $x=-1,9$

Therefore, $f(x)$ increasing on $(-\infty,-1),(9,\infty)$ and decreasing on $(-1,9)$

$$f''(x)=6x-24$$

inflection point at $f''(x)=0$

$$6x-24=0$$

$$x=4$$

the function is concave up on $(4,\infty)$ and concave down on $(-\infty,4)$

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2.

DETAILS

SCALC8 6.8.015.

MY NOTES

Find the limit. Use [l'Hospital's Rule](#) where appropriate. If there is a more elementary method, consider using it.

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3.

DETAILS

MY NOTES

A particle moves according to a law of motion $s = f(t)$, $t \geq 0$, where t is measured in seconds and s in feet.

$$f(t) = t^3 - 12t^2 + 36t$$


(a) [3 Points] Find the velocity at time t .

$v(t) =$

(b) [1 Point] What is the velocity after 5 s?

$v(5) =$ ft/s

$$a(5) = \boxed{6} \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Show My Work (Required) 

What steps or reasoning did you use? Your work counts towards your score.


$$f(t) = t^3 - 12t^2 + 36t$$

$$\text{velocity} = f$$

$$h(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 8 \text{ on } [-3, 2]$$

maximum

minimum

Show My Work (Required) 

What steps or reasoning did you use? Your work counts towards your score.

$$h(-3) = (-3)^3 + 3(-3)^2 + 8 = 8$$

Therefore, absolute minimum is 8

$$h(2) = 2^3 + 3(2)^2 + 8 = 28$$

Absolute maximum is 28

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